

Nicholls State University

Prepared 2024-08-09 IPEDS: 159966



### **About This Report**

### **About Your Engagement Indicators Report**

Engagement Indicators (EIs) provide a useful summary of the detailed information contained in your students' NSSE responses. By combining responses to related NSSE questions, each EI offers valuable information about a distinct aspect of student engagement. Ten indicators, based on three to eight survey questions each (a total of 47 survey questions), are organized into four broad themes as shown at right. The specific items within each EI are listed below, starting on page 5.

Theme	Engagement Indicator
	Higher-Order Learning
Academic Challenge	Reflective & Integrative Learning
	Learning Strategies
	Quantitative Reasoning
Languiga with Dagg	Collaborative Learning
Learning with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others
Experiences with Excultu	Student-Faculty Interaction
Experiences with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices
	Quality of Interactions
Campus Environment	
	Supportive Environment

### **Report Sections**

Overview (p. 3)

Displays how average EI scores for your students compare with those of students at your comparison group institutions.

Theme Reports (pp. 4-13)

Detailed views of EI scores within the four themes for your students and those at comparison group institutions. Three views offer varied insights into your EI scores:

#### Mean Comparisons

Straightforward comparisons of average scores between your students and those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes (see below).

#### Score Distributions

Box-and-whisker charts show the variation in scores within your institution and comparison groups.

#### Performance on Indicator Items

Responses to each item in a given EI are summarized for your institution and comparison groups.

Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions (p. 15) Comparisons of your students' average scores on each EI with those of students at institutions whose average scores were in the top 50% and top 10% of all current- and prior-year institutions.

Detailed Statistics (pp. 16-End)

Detailed information about EI score means, distributions, and tests of statistical significance.

### **Interpreting Comparisons**

Mean comparisons report both statistical significance and effect size. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. For EI comparisons, NSSE research has concluded that an effect size of about .1 may be considered small, .3 medium, and .5 large (Rocconi & Gonyea, 2018). Comparisons with an effect size of at least .3 in magnitude (before rounding) are highlighted in the Overview (p. 3).

Els vary more among students within an institution than between institutions, like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on average scores alone amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It's equally important to understand how student engagement varies within your institution. Score distributions indicate how El scores vary among your students and those in your comparison groups. Your NSSE Tableau dashboards and Report Builder (released in the fall) offer valuable perspectives on internal variation and help you investigate your students' engagement in depth.

#### **How Engagement Indicators are Computed**

Each EI is scored on a 60-point scale. To produce an indicator score, the response set for each item is converted to a 60-point scale (e.g., Never = 0; Sometimes = 20; Often = 40; Very often = 60), and the rescaled items are averaged. Thus a score of zero means a student responded at the bottom of the scale for every item in the EI, while a score of 60 indicates responses at the top of the scale on every item.

For more information on EIs and their psychometric properties, refer to the NSSE website: nsse.indiana.edu

Rocconi, L.M., & Gonyea, R.M. (2018). Contextualizing effect sizes in the National Survey of Student Engagement: An empirical analysis. *Research & Practice in Assessment, 13* (Summer/Fall), pp. 22-38.



# Overview Nicholls State University

### **Engagement Indicators: Overview**

Engagement Indicators are summary measures based on sets of NSSE questions examining key dimensions of student engagement. The ten indicators are organized within four broad themes: Academic Challenge, Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty, and Campus Environment. The tables below compare average scores for your students with those in your comparison groups. Use the following key:

- **Your students' average** was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.
- $\triangle$  Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- -- No significant difference.
- $\nabla$  Your students' average was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- **Vour students' average** was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

Note: It is important to interpret the direction of differences relative to your institutional context. You may not see all of these symbols in your report.

rst-Year Students		Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year student compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Southeast Public	Carnegie Class	LA Public Schools
	Higher-Order Learning			
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning	▼	<b>V</b>	
Challenge	Learning Strategies			
	Quantitative Reasoning	$\nabla$		
Learning with	Collaborative Learning	•	$\nabla$	
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	▼	$\nabla$	
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction			
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices			
Campus	Quality of Interactions			
Environment	Supportive Environment	$\nabla$		
niors		Your seniors	Your seniors	Your seniors
		compared with	compared with	compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Southeast Public	Carnegie Class	LA Public Schools
	Higher-Order Learning			
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning			
Challenge	Learning Strategies			
	Quantitative Reasoning	$\nabla$		
Learning with	Collaborative Learning	•	•	
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others			
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction			
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices			
Campus	Quality of Interactions			
Environment	Supportive Environment			



## Academic Challenge Nicholls State University

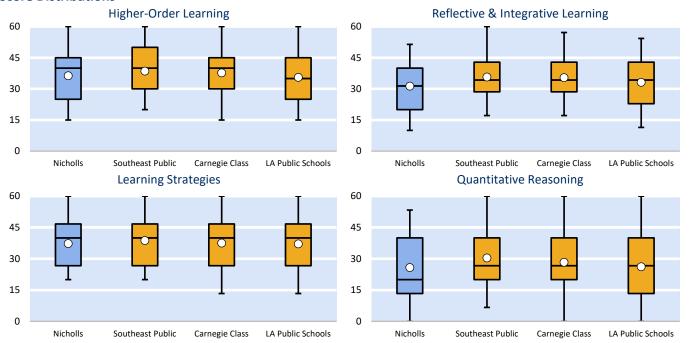
### **Academic Challenge: First-year students**

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with							
	Nicholls	Southeast Pu		egie Class	LA Pub	ic Schools			
Faranca tadicata	A 4 a a	Effe		Effect	14	Effect			
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean siz	re Mean	size	Mean	size			
Higher-Order Learning	36.3	38.61	7 37.7	11	35.6	.05			
Reflective & Integrative Learning	31.3	35.7 ***3	6 35.4 **	*35	33.2	15			
Learning Strategies	37.3	38.71	0 37.5	02	37.1	.01			
Quantitative Reasoning	25.8	30.4 **3	0 28.3	17	26.2	03			

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

### **Score Distributions**



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



## Academic Challenge Nicholls State University

### **Academic Challenge: First-year students (continued)**

#### **Performance on Indicator Items**

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point	difference <sup>a</sup> between you	r FY students and
Higher-Order Learning	Nicholls	Southeast Public	Carnegie Class	LA Public Schools
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Ouite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized		Table	curregic class	Schools
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	% 73	+2	+5	+15
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	62	-8	-6	+3
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	67	-3	-3	+2
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	65	-6	-5	-0
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	45	-9	-9	+3
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	37	-14	-14	-7
Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	32	-21	-22	-14
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	57	-8	-7	-3
Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective	58	-13	-13	-10
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	64	-4	-2	+1
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	69	-9	-7	-4
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	64	-8	-7	-1
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	69	+1	+4	+4
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	62	-5	-2	-1
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	54	-2	+3	+5
Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	34	-11	-7	-3
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	36	-9	-4	+2

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



## Academic Challenge Nicholls State University

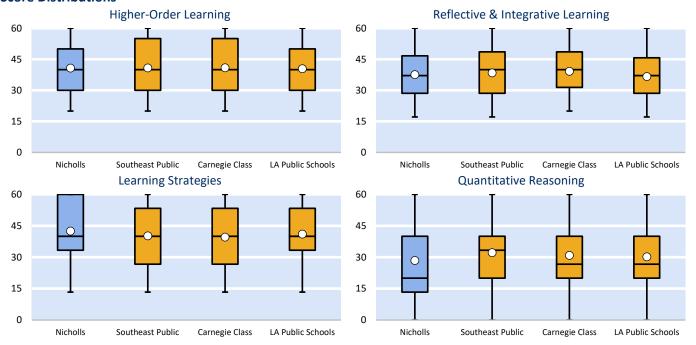
### **Academic Challenge: Seniors**

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

lean Comparisons				Your seniors co	mpared with		
	Nicholls	Southeast Public		Carnegie Class		LA Public Schoo	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size
Higher-Order Learning	40.8	40.8	01	40.9	01	40.4	.03
Reflective & Integrative Learning	37.6	38.4	07	39.2	13	36.7	.07
Learning Strategies	42.4	40.1	.16	39.6	.20	41.0	.09
Quantitative Reasoning	28.4	32.1 *	22	30.9	15	30.2	10

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

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## Academic Challenge Nicholls State University

### **Academic Challenge: Seniors (continued)**

#### **Performance on Indicator Items**

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

			oint difference <sup>a</sup> between y	
Higher-Order Learning	Nicholls	Southeast Public	Carnegie Class	LA Public Schools
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%			
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	82	+4	+4	+6
4 <sub>C</sub> . Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	78	+3	+3	+5
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	75	+4	+2	+3
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	77	+3	+2	+5
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	62	-8	-9	-о
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	61	+1	-4	+5
Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	49	-4	-8	+1
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	61	-6	-8	-4
Ze. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective	67	-5	-8	-3
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	71	-1	-1	+1
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	85	+1	+0	+3
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	79	+4	+3	+3
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	76	+7	+10	+2
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	75	+5	+7	+5
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	44	-15	-12	-9
Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	37	-13	-11	-8
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	41	-9	-5	-3

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## Learning with Peers Nicholls State University

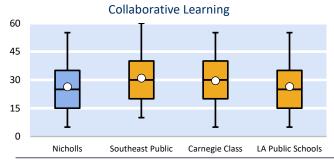
### **Learning with Peers: First-year students**

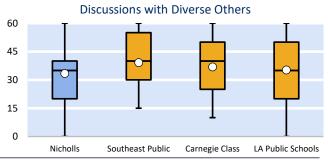
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and interacting with peers from different backgrounds prepares students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

lean Comparisons			Your	first-year studen	ts compared v	vith	
	Nicholls		Southeast Public		Carnegie Class		lic Schools
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Collaborative Learning	26.4	30.9 ***	31	29.6 *	23	26.4	.00
Discussions with Diverse Others	33.4	39.1 ***	36	36.8 *	22	35.2	11

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

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### **Performance on Indicator Items**

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		Percentage point	difference <sup>a</sup> between you	ır FY students and
		Southeast		LA Public
Collaborative Learning	Nicholls	Public	Carnegie Class	Schools
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
1b. Asked another student to help you understand course material	37	-10	-7	-3
1c. Explained course material to one or more students	41	-11	-8	+1
${\bf 1d.\ Prepared\ for\ exams\ by\ discussing\ or\ working\ through\ course\ material\ with\ other\ students}$	38	-6	-2	+3
1e. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	39	-15	-12	+0
Discussions with Diverse Others				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with				
8a. People of races or ethnicities other than your own	69	-1	+6	+9
8b. People from economic backgrounds other than your own	58	-14	-11	-6
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	56	-10	-4	-1
8d. People with political views other than your own	46	-16	-10	-10

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



## Learning with Peers Nicholls State University

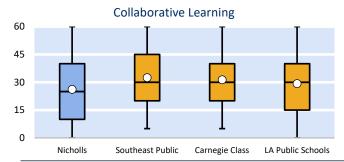
### **Learning with Peers: Seniors**

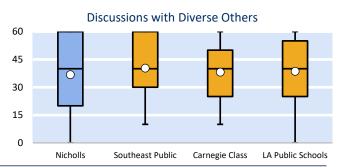
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lean Comparisons				Your seniors con	npared with		
	Nicholls	nolls Southeast Public		Carnegie Class		LA Public Schoo	
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Collaborative Learning	26.2	32.5 ***	40	31.3 **	33	29.3	18
Discussions with Diverse Others	36.8	40.3	22	38.2	09	38.6	10

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

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### **Performance on Indicator Items**

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	Percentage poi	nt difference <sup>a</sup> between yo	our seniors and
	Southeast		LA Public
Nicholls	Public	Carnegie Class	Schools
%			
34	-11	-8	-7
44	-11	-11	-4
39	-6	-2	-3
49	-15	-12	-2
63	-9	-1	-6
70	-3	<b>:</b> -0	-0
58	-9	-4	-6
60	-5	-2	-2
	% 34 44 39 49 63 70 58	Southeast Public  %  34	Nicholls         Public         Carnegie Class           %         34         -11         -8           44         -11         -11         -11           39         -6         -2         -2           49         -15         -12

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# Experiences with Faculty Nicholls State University

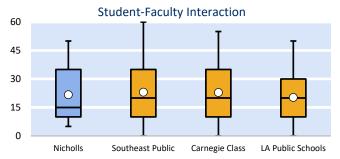
### **Experiences with Faculty: First-year students**

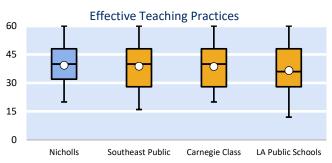
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

lean Comparisons			Your	first-year stude	nts compared v	vith	
	Nicholls	Nicholls Southeast Public		Carne	Carnegie Class		lic Schools
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Student-Faculty Interaction	21.7	23.0	08	22.9	08	20.2	.10
Effective Teaching Practices	39.3	38.8	.04	38.6	.05	36.5	.21

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

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		Percen	tage point	difference <sup>a</sup>	between you	ır FY students and	
		Southeast				LA Public	
Student-Faculty Interaction	Nicholls	Public		Carneg	ie Class	Schools	
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%						
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	41	+0		+0	)	+5	
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	25	(	-1	+0	)	+5	
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class		(	-3		-3	+2	
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	35	+1		+2		+4	
Effective Teaching Practices							
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have							
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	75		-2		-2	+4	
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	78	+4		+4		+11	
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points		+5		+6		+13	
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	62		-3		-3	+1	
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	54		-6		-7	+0	

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



# Experiences with Faculty Nicholls State University

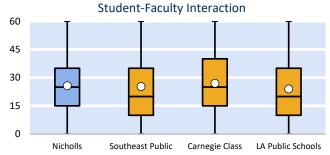
### **Experiences with Faculty: Seniors**

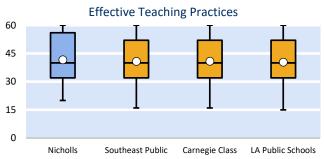
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

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	Nicholls	Southe	ast Public	Carne	gie Class	LA Public School	
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Student-Faculty Interaction	25.7	25.3	.03	26.9	08	23.9	.10
Effective Teaching Practices	41.5	40.7	.06	40.8	.05	40.3	.08

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .01 (2-tailed).

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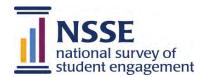
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		Percentage po	int difference <sup>a</sup> between y	our seniors and
		Southeast		LA Public
Student-Faculty Interaction	Nicholls	Public	Carnegie Class	Schools
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	47	+2	-2	+5
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	28	-4	-6	-1
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	40	+6	+3	+8
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	47	+11	+8	+10
Effective Teaching Practices				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	72	-9	-9	-8
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	77	+0	+0	+3
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	74	-4	-4	-2
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	72	+6	+4	+10
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	74	+9	+7	+10

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



## Campus Environment Nicholls State University

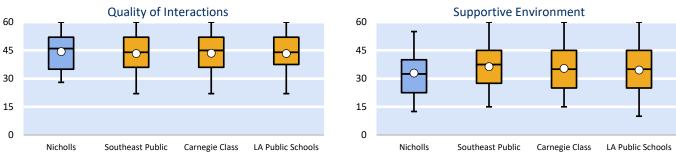
### **Campus Environment: First-year students**

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your	first-year stude	nts compared v	vith	
	Nicholls	Southe	ast Public	Carne	egie Class Effect	LA Pub	lic Schools
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size	Mean	size	Mean	Effect size
Quality of Interactions	44.3	43.3	.08	43.5	.07	43.3	.09
Supportive Environment	32.9	36.4 *	26	35.4	19	34.5	11

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

#### **Score Distributions**



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

#### **Performance on Indicator Items**

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference <sup>a</sup> between your FY students						
Quality of Interactions	Nicholls	Southeast Public	Carnegie Class	LA Public Schools				
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from I="Poor" to 7="Excellent") with	%							
13a. Students	42	-10	-8	-3				
13b. Academic advisors	63	+7	+7	+5				
13c. Faculty	58	+6	+4	+10				
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	49	+1	+0	+1				
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	51	+5	+1	+4				
Supportive Environment		-	-	F				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized								
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	70	-3	-2	+3				
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	64	-11	-10	-5				
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	56	-5	-5	-1				
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	59	-14	-12	<b>-</b> 9				
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	64	-6	-3	-3				
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	42	F -0	+3	+6				
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	57	-14	-10	<b>-</b> 9				
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	31	-16	-18	-12				

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



## Campus Environment Nicholls State University

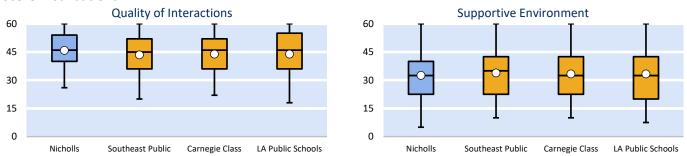
### **Campus Environment: Seniors**

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons				Your seniors co	mpared with		
	Nicholls	Southe	east Public	Carne	egie Class	LA Pub	lic Schools
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Quality of Interactions	45.9	43.5	.20	43.9	.17	43.9	.15
Supportive Environment	32.6	33.9	09	33.3	05	33.3	05

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

#### **Score Distributions**



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

### **Performance on Indicator Items**

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentag	e point difference	<sup>a</sup> between y	our seniors	and
Quality of Interactions	Nicholls	Southeast Public	Carneg	ie Class		ublic ools
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent") with	%					
13a. Students	49	-11		-10		-8
13b. Academic advisors	67	+15	+10		+9	
13c. Faculty	65	+6	+4	1	+6	
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	53	+5	+5		+1	)
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	49	+3	+2		1	-1
Supportive Environment		-				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized						
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	68	-2	I	-2	+1	)
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	68	+1	+1	)	+4	
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	53	-4		-3	1	-1
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	64	-4	1	-3		-2
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	65	+1	+4		+1	)
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	36	+1	+1		+2	
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	62	-1	+2		+1	)
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	43	+1		-1	+0	Ì

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.

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## **NSSE 2024 Engagement Indicators**

## Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions Nicholls State University

### Comparisons with Top 50% and Top 10% Institutions

While NSSE's policy is not to rank institutions (see **go.iu.edu/NSSE-PnP**), the results below are designed to compare the engagement of your students with those attending two groups of institutions identified by NSSE<sup>a</sup> for their high average levels of student engagement:

- (a) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 50% of all 2023 and 2024 NSSE institutions, and
- (b) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 10% of all 2023 and 2024 NSSE institutions.

While the average scores for most institutions are below the mean for the top 50% or top 10%, your institution may show areas of distinction where your average student was as engaged as (or even more engaged than) the typical student at high-performing institutions. A check mark ( $\checkmark$ ) signifies those comparisons where your average score was at least comparable to that of the high-performing group. However, the presence of a check mark does not necessarily mean that your institution was a member of that group.

It should be noted that most of the variability in student engagement is within, not between, institutions. Even "high-performing" institutions have students with engagement levels below the average for all institutions.

First-Year	Students			Your first-year studer	tudents compared with					
		Nicholls	NSSE T	op 50%	NSSE T	op 10%				
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size ✓	Mean	Effect size	✓_			
	Higher-Order Learning	36.3	39.8 **	27	42.4 ***	49				
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	31.3	37.3 ***	50	39.9 ***	73				
Challenge	Learning Strategies	37.3	40.2 *	21	43.1 ***	40				
	Quantitative Reasoning	25.8	30.8 **	33	33.3 ***	49				
Learning	Collaborative Learning	26.4	33.4 ***	50	36.7 ***	75				
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	33.4	40.7 ***	49	44.2 ***	78				
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	21.7	25.4 *	24	29.9 ***	53				
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	39.3	40.8	11	43.6 **	30				
Campus	Quality of Interactions	44.3	45.7	12	48.7 ***	37				
Environment	Supportive Environment	32.9	37.1 **	32	40.4 ***	59				
Seniors				Your seniors co	mpared with					
		Nicholls	NSSE T	op 50%	NSSE T	op 10%				
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size ✓	Mean	Effect size	✓			
	Higher-Order Learning	40.8	42.4	12	44.9 **	32				
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	37.6	40.6 *	25	43.2 ***	48				
Challenge	Learning Strategies	42.4	41.2	.09 ✓	44.1	11				
	Quantitative Reasoning	28.4	32.8 *	27	36.2 ***	48				
Learning	Collaborative Learning	26.2	34.7 ***	60	38.0 ***	86				
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	36.8	41.4 *	30	44.1 ***	50				
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	25.7	29.9 *	26	34.9 ***	57				
with Faculty	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	41.5	42.5	07 ✓	45.2 **	28				
Campus	Quality of Interactions	45.9	45.4	.04 ✓	48.1	18				

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

32.6

34.6

-.15

**Environment** Supportive Environment

-.39

38.0 \*\*\*

a. Precision-weighted means were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each Engagement Indicator from all current- and prior-year institutions, separately by class. Using this method, Engagement Indicator scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors were adjusted toward the mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors received smaller corrections. As a result, schools with less stable data—even those with high average scores—may not be among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release institutional results and our policy against ranking institutions.

b. Check marks are assigned to comparisons that are either positive or non-significant with an effect size > -.10.



# Detailed Statistics<sup>a</sup> Nicholls State University

### **Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students**

	Mea	n statisti	cs	Percentile <sup>d</sup> scores				Comparison results				
<del>-</del>		h							Deg. of	Mean		Effect
Acadomic Challenge	Mean	SD <sup>b</sup>	SE <sup>c</sup>	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom <sup>e</sup>	diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	size <sup>g</sup>
Academic Challenge												
Higher-Order Learning	26.2	12.7	1.20	1.5	25	40	45	60				
Nicholls (N = 98)	36.3	13.7	1.39	15	25 30	40	50	60	17, 201	2.2	.099	1.60
Southeast Public	38.6	13.5 13.2	.11 .20	20 15	30	40 40	30 45	60	16,381 4,305	-2.3 -1.4	.099	168 108
Carnegie Class  LA Public Schools	37.7 35.6	14.3	.59	15	25	35	45	60	685	-1. <del>4</del> .7	.646	.050
Top 50%	39.8	13.2	.06	20	30	40	50	60	56,839	-3.5	.008	267
Top 10%	39.8 42.4	12.5	.16	20	35	40	55	60	6,624	-3.3 -6.1	.000	485
10p 1070	72.7	12.5	.10	20	33	40	33	00	0,024	-0.1	.000	403
Reflective & Integrative Learning	3											
Nicholls $(N = 109)$	31.3	12.7	1.22	10	20	31	40	51				
Southeast Public	35.7	12.3	.09	17	29	34	43	60	18,183	-4.4	.000	361
Carnegie Class	35.4	11.9	.17	17	29	34	43	57	4,832	-4.1	.000	347
LA Public Schools	33.2	12.4	.48	11	23	34	43	54	777	-1.9	.144	151
Top 50%	37.3	12.0	.05	17	29	37	46	60	51,163	-6.0	.000	499
Top 10%	39.9	11.7	.15	20	31	40	49	60	6,088	-8.6	.000	735
Learning Strategies												
Nicholls (N = 91)	37.3	12.7	1.33	20	27	40	47	60				
Southeast Public	38.7	13.9	.11	20	27	40	47	60	14,776	-1.4	.322	104
Carnegie Class	37.5	13.9	.22	13	27	40	47	60	3,924	2	.886	015
LA Public Schools	37.1	14.1	.62	13	27	40	47	60	608	.2	.910	.013
Top 50%	40.2	13.9	.06	20	33	40	53	60	46,003	-2.9	.048	207
Top 10%	43.1	14.5	.14	20	33	40	60	60	10,387	-5.8	.000	404
Overstitetive Personing												
Quantitative Reasoning	25.0	15.1	1.56	0	1.2	20	40	52				
Nicholls (N = 94)	25.8	15.1	1.56	0	13	20	40	53	15 150	1.6	004	205
Southeast Public	30.4	15.7	.13	7	20	27	40	60	15,156	-4.6	.004	295
Carnegie Class	28.3	15.2	.24	0	20	27	40	60	4,016	-2.5	.114	165
LA Public Schools	26.2	15.6	.68	0	13	27	40	60	629	4 5.1	.809	027
Top 50%	30.8	15.5	.07	7	20	33	40	60	54,354	-5.1	.002	327
Top 10%	33.3	15.4	.15	7	20	33	40	60	10,333	-7.5	.000	488
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
Nicholls $(N = 117)$	26.4	14.0	1.29	5	15	25	35	55				
Southeast Public	30.9	14.5	.10	10	20	30	40	60	20,231	-4.5	.001	311
Carnegie Class	29.6	13.9	.19	5	20	30	40	55	5,346	-3.2	.013	232
LA Public Schools	26.4	14.6	.52	5	15	25	35	55	899	.0	.978	003
Top 50%	33.4	13.9	.06	10	25	35	40	60	62,378	-7.0	.000	504
Top 10%	36.7	13.7	.13	15	25	35	45	60	11,741	-10.3	.000	753
Discussions with Divorce Others												
Discussions with Diverse Others Nicholls (N = 93)	33.4	15.7	1.63	0	20	35	40	60				
Southeast Public					30	33 40			14 065	57	001	262
	39.1	15.8	.13	15			55 50	60	14,965	-5.7	.001	362
Carnegie Class	36.8	15.3	.25	10	25	40	50	60	3,958	-3.4	.033	224
LA Public Schools	35.2	17.2	.74	0	20	35	50	60	624	-1.8	.341	107
Top 50%	40.7	14.9	.07	20	30	40	55	60	51,196	-7.3	.000	490
Top 10%	44.2	13.8	.19	20	35	45	60	60	5,523	-10.8	.000	782



# Detailed Statistics<sup>a</sup> Nicholls State University

### **Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students**

	Mea	n statist	ics		Perce	ntile <sup>d</sup> sco	ores		Comparison results				
								<del></del>	Deg. of Mean Effec				
	Mean	SD b	SE c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom <sup>e</sup>	diff.	Sig. f	size <sup>g</sup>	
Experiences with Faculty													
Student-Faculty Interaction													
Nicholls $(N = 100)$	21.7	15.2	1.52	5	10	15	35	50					
Southeast Public	23.0	15.6	.12	0	10	20	35	60	17,174	-1.3	.402	084	
Carnegie Class	22.9	15.2	.23	0	10	20	35	55	4,558	-1.2	.452	076	
LA Public Schools	20.2	14.8	.59	0	10	20	30	50	725	1.5	.346	.102	
Top 50%	25.4	15.3	.09	5	15	25	35	60	32,612	-3.6	.018	237	
Top 10%	29.9	15.5	.25	5	20	30	40	60	4,070	-8.1	.000	525	
Effective Teaching Practices													
Nicholls $(N = 95)$	39.3	12.9	1.32	20	32	40	48	60					
Southeast Public	38.8	13.4	.11	16	28	40	48	60	16,255	.5	.703	.039	
Carnegie Class	38.6	13.1	.20	20	28	40	48	60	4,303	.7	.605	.054	
LA Public Schools	36.5	14.0	.58	12	28	36	48	60	676	2.8	.064	.205	
Top 50%	40.8	13.5	.07	20	32	40	52	60	41,282	-1.4	.299	107	
Top 10%	43.6	14.1	.16	20	36	44	56	60	97	-4.2	.002	301	
Campus Environment													
Quality of Interactions													
Nicholls $(N = 86)$	44.3	11.2	1.21	28	35	46	52	60					
Southeast Public	43.3	11.6	.10	22	36	44	52	60	13,728	1.0	.436	.084	
Carnegie Class	43.5	11.4	.19	22	36	45	52	60	3,653	.8	.509	.072	
LA Public Schools	43.3	11.6	.54	22	38	44	52	60	547	1.0	.468	.085	
Top 50%	45.7	11.5	.07	24	40	48	54	60	30,814	-1.4	.260	122	
Top 10%	48.7	11.9	.15	24	42	52	60	60	6,013	-4.4	.001	369	
Supportive Environment													
Nicholls $(N = 90)$	32.9	13.2	1.39	13	23	33	40	55					
Southeast Public	36.4	13.5	.11	15	28	38	45	60	14,216	-3.4	.016	256	
Carnegie Class	35.4	13.2	.22	15	25	35	45	60	3,763	-2.5	.082	186	
LA Public Schools	34.5	14.0	.63	10	25	35	45	60	583	-1.6	.317	115	
Top 50%	37.1	13.0	.07	17	28	38	45	60	37,307	-4.2	.002	320	
Top 10%	40.4	12.6	.23	20	33	40	50	60	3,208	-7.5	.000	593	

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

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b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean  $\pm$ 1.96 x SE) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



# Detailed Statistics<sup>a</sup> Nicholls State University

**Detailed Statistics: Seniors** 

_	Mea	n statist	ics		Percentile <sup>d</sup> scores				Comparison results				
_		a= h	256						Deg. of	Mean	a. f	Effect	
Academia Challenge	Mean	SD <sup>b</sup>	SE <sup>c</sup>	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom <sup>e</sup>	diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	size <sup>g</sup>	
Academic Challenge													
Higher-Order Learning	40.0	12.2	1.27	20	20	40	50	60					
Nicholls $(N = 93)$	40.8	13.3	1.37	20	30	40	50	60	10.526		0.61	00.5	
Southeast Public	40.8	14.1	.10	20	30	40	55	60	19,526	1	.961	005	
Carnegie Class	40.9	13.8	.20	20	30	40	55	60	4,729	1	.934	009	
LA Public Schools	40.4	14.1	.53	20	30	40	50	60	797	.4	.814	.026	
Top 50%	42.4	13.6	.07	20	35	40	55	60	42,740	-1.7	.240	122	
Top 10%	44.9	12.8	.19	20	40	45	60	60	4,547	-4.1	.002	322	
Reflective & Integrative Learning	3												
Nicholls $(N = 99)$	37.6	13.1	1.32	17	29	37	47	60					
Southeast Public	38.4	13.2	.09	17	29	40	49	60	21,046	9	.517	065	
Carnegie Class	39.2	12.7	.18	20	31	40	49	60	5,100	-1.7	.197	131	
LA Public Schools	36.7	13.5	.48	17	29	37	46	60	885	.9	.537	.066	
Top 50%	40.6	12.4	.06	20	31	40	51	60	42,797	-3.1	.014	246	
Top 10%	43.2	11.8	.18	23	34	43	54	60	4,216	-5.6	.000	475	
Learning Strategies													
Nicholls $(N = 89)$	42.4	15.3	1.62	13	33	40	60	60					
Southeast Public	40.1	14.7	.11	13	27	40	53	60	18,174	2.3	.139	.157	
Carnegie Class	39.6	14.6	.22	13	27	40	53	60	4,392	2.9	.066	.196	
LA Public Schools	41.0	14.9	.58	13	33	40	53	60	737	1.4	.403	.094	
Top 50%	41.2	14.5	.06	20	33	40	53	60	51,891	1.3	.405	.088	
Top 10%	44.1	14.2	.18	20	33	47	60	60	6,492	-1.6	.281	115	
Ouantitativa Pagganing													
Quantitative Reasoning	20.4	17.4	1.00	0	1.2	20	40	60					
Nicholls ( $N = 86$ )	28.4	17.4	1.88	0	13	20	40	60	10.465	2.7	020	222	
Southeast Public	32.1	16.9	.12	0	20	33	40	60	18,465	-3.7	.039	222	
Carnegie Class	30.9	16.6	.25	0	20	27	40	60	4,472	-2.5	.168	150	
LA Public Schools	30.2	17.1	.66	0	20	27	40	60	754	-1.8	.361	105	
Top 50%	32.8	16.5	.07	7	20	33	40	60	56,050	-4.5	.012	271	
Top 10%	36.2	16.2	.22	7	20	40	47	60	5,669	-7.8	.000	483	
Learning with Peers													
Collaborative Learning													
Nicholls $(N = 111)$	26.2	17.2	1.63	0	10	25	40	60					
Southeast Public	32.5	15.6	.10	5	20	30	45	60	22,466	-6.3	.000	404	
Carnegie Class	31.3	15.4	.21	5	20	30	40	60	113	-5.1	.002	334	
LA Public Schools	29.3	16.9	.58	0	15	30	40	60	960	-3.1	.068	184	
Top 50%	34.7	14.2	.06	10	25	35	45	60	110	-8.6	.000	601	
Top 10%	38.0	13.6	.17	15	30	40	50	60	112	-11.8	.000	864	
Discussions with Diverse Others													
Nicholls $(N = 87)$	36.8	19.5	2.09	0	20	40	60	60					
Southeast Public	40.3	16.4	.12	10	30	40	60	60	86	-3.6	.091	219	
Carnegie Class	38.2	16.1	.24	10	25	40	50	60	88	-1.4	.496	089	
LA Public Schools	38.6	17.6	.69	0	25	40	55	60	744	-1.8	.369	103	
Top 50%	41.4	15.6	.07	15	30	40	60	60	86	-4.6	.030	296	
Top 10%	44.1	14.5	.18	20	35	45	60	60	87	-7.3	.001	504	
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# Detailed Statistics<sup>a</sup> Nicholls State University

### **Detailed Statistics: Seniors**

	Mean statistics				Perce	ntile <sup>d</sup> sco	ores		Comparison results			
									Deg. of Mean			Effect
	Mean	SD <sup>b</sup>	SE c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom <sup>e</sup>	diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	size <sup>g</sup>
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
Nicholls $(N = 96)$	25.7	15.8	1.62	0	15	25	35	60				
Southeast Public	25.3	17.0	.12	0	10	20	35	60	20,224	.4	.803	.025
Carnegie Class	26.9	16.4	.24	0	15	25	40	60	4,898	-1.2	.464	076
LA Public Schools	23.9	17.2	.63	0	10	20	35	60	831	1.8	.342	.103
Top 50%	29.9	16.3	.11	5	20	30	40	60	23,476	-4.2	.011	260
Top 10%	34.9	16.1	.32	10	20	35	45	60	2,552	-9.2	.000	573
Effective Teaching Practices												
Nicholls $(N = 93)$	41.5	14.5	1.51	20	32	40	56	60				
Southeast Public	40.7	14.2	.10	16	32	40	52	60	19,455	.8	.571	.059
Carnegie Class	40.8	14.1	.21	16	32	40	52	60	4,713	.7	.617	.052
LA Public Schools	40.3	15.1	.57	15	32	40	52	60	805	1.2	.459	.082
Top 50%	42.5	13.8	.07	20	32	44	56	60	38,494	9	.520	067
Top 10%	45.2	13.1	.19	20	36	48	60	60	4,801	-3.7	.007	281
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
Nicholls $(N = 73)$	45.9	10.8	1.26	26	40	46	54	60				
Southeast Public	43.5	12.1	.09	20	36	45	52	60	16,622	2.4	.092	.197
Carnegie Class	43.9	11.9	.19	22	36	46	52	60	4,070	2.0	.161	.165
LA Public Schools	43.9	13.0	.54	18	36	46	55	60	653	1.9	.221	.152
Top 50%	45.4	12.0	.06	22	38	48	55	60	37,585	.5	.746	.038
Top 10%	48.1	12.3	.14	23	42	50	60	60	7,316	-2.3	.117	184
Supportive Environment												
Nicholls $(N = 85)$	32.6	14.8	1.60	5	23	33	40	60				
Southeast Public	33.9	14.4	.11	10	23	35	43	60	17,686	-1.3	.403	091
Carnegie Class	33.3	14.4	.22	10	23	33	43	60	4,273	8	.630	053
LA Public Schools	33.3	15.1	.60	8	20	33	43	60	721	8	.666	050
Top 50%	34.6	14.2	.07	10	25	35	45	60	39,344	-2.1	.181	145
Top 10%	38.0	13.7	.23	15	28	40	48	60	3,772	-5.4	.000	392

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

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b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean  $\pm$ 1.96 x SE) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.